The global stakes of digitalization in education

Dr Björn Haßler, Technical Director, EdTech Hub
EdTech Hub is a global non-profit research partnership.

Our goal is to empower people by giving them the evidence they need to make decisions about technology in education.
Why we’re here

Technology has the potential to help solve the global learning crisis. But that potential is **not being realised**.
Why hasn’t EdTech realised its potential?

- There isn’t great evidence about what is most and least effective
- Key issues are under-researched
- Evidence is hard to find, hard to access, and hard to use
- Which makes it hard to make good policy decisions and hard to design effective interventions
- Stakeholders are disconnected from researchers and from one another

The Hub aims to address these obstacles
The Hub offering
7 tools and approaches for generating evidence

1. Large commissioned research studies
   Global PIs, feed into smart buys body of evidence (fully external)

2. Hub-led in-country research studies
   In-country, led by Hub-PIs, range of methods and sizes

3. Hub-led desk-based studies
   Evidence reviews, methods and guidance

4. Rapid commissions and calls
   Target priority high potential evidence gaps and explore new work (e.g. C-19 call)

5. Real world, EdTech Sandboxes
   Designed to fast track EdTech that addresses the needs of focus countries. Provides pioneers with access to tools, evidence, and implementation support to unlock scale.

6. Technical assistance
   Collaborative support in planning and execution alongside decision makers

7. Helpdesk service
   Just-in-time evidence-based advice and resources for decision makers

These form the Hub’s integrated offering for effective evidence generation - all underpinned by communication and dissemination for uptake with decision makers in and out of government.
Building Back Better (BBB) in the COVID context

Emergency remediation and returning to “business as usual” will have minimal impact on learning targets. Other initiatives are needed to meet the learning needs of students.

Source: Authors’ calculations using data from World Bank, 2019.

Source: World Bank, 2020
Attaining curriculum reform

Significant misalignment often arises between:

- **Intended curriculum (reform)** (i.e., what the official guidance says)
- **Implemented curriculum (reform)** (i.e., what teachers and learners actually do)
- **Attained curriculum (reform)** (i.e., what students actually learn)

Source: UNESCO, 2019
Attaining EdTech reform

Significant misalignment often arises between:

- **Intended EdTech reform** (i.e., what the official guidance says)
- **Implemented EdTech reform** (i.e., what teachers and learners actually do)
- **Attained student learning reform** (i.e., what students actually learn)
Factors for [EdTech] implementation success

1. Curriculum focus
2. Assessments
3. Teacher professional development
4. Learning & teaching resources
5. System capacity
6. Financial resources
7. Language of instruction
8. School leadership
As schools prepare to reopen, curriculum reform must take place in parallel with the overarching goals to build back better and reduce learning loss for students post-COVID. BBB activities can be aligned with factors impacting the curriculum implementation:

- **Assess learning levels when students return to school and on an ongoing basis**
  - Assessments

- **Incorporate elements from ALPs (accelerated learning programmes)**
  - Language of instruction
  - Curriculum focus

- **Support teachers and school leaders**
  - Teacher professional development
  - Learning & teaching resources
  - School leadership

- **Strengthen data systems**
  - System capacity

**Financial resources**
What to invest in?
What to invest in [to reach the poorest]?

Education Data

Collect appropriate, usable data. Get it used for decision making.

Teacher professional development

Follow best evidence. Don’t fragment. Share resources.

Radio, print, TV

Share resources. Accessibility. Open licensing, editable.
What **not** to invest in [to reach the poorest]?  

**Online learning / platforms / e-content**

Use radio, print, TV instead.

**Video lessons**

Use Ubongo Kids / Sesame St. / Digital Storytime instead.

**Internet / broadband**

Minimal connectivity for WA/Telegram etc is helpful. But *that’s all folks*...
Strengthen education systems and workforce management with digital approaches to collect and analyse school- and learner-level data to better understand needs and address inequity.

- Develop context-specific and comparable data collection, data analysis and data storage protocols
- Collect data on educational infrastructure, enrollment and the number and geographic distribution of teachers and other members of the education workforce
- Act on this data to ensure resources are targeted to the most marginalised students, teachers, and schools
- Establish effective communication channels with and among the education workforce — education leadership, teachers, caregivers, learning teams — to coordinate education responses

SaveOurFuture — Ask 1. Collect and use the right education data

Know thy...system.
SaveOurFuture — Ask 2. Enhance teacher and workforce development

Enhance the quality, reach, and flexibility of school-based professional development for teachers focusing on student learning, including a wide range of holistic skills, and drawing on appropriate and cost-effective technology.

- Promote effective means of professional development: regularly scheduled school-based professional development for school-centered learning teams (teachers, parents, community workers)

- Professional development needs to focus on effective teaching practices for improved, active student learning and to utilise technology for coordination and communication

- Act on school-level data (Ask 1) to ensure teacher education programs reach teachers in the most marginalised communities

Get every child a teacher.
Ensure that every child can learn effectively — particularly those marginalised by poverty, gender, language, disability, or displacement — using appropriate learning and teaching resources, drawing on suitable technology where it offers value-for-money.

- National governments to use open curricular content and to ensure that there will be low- or no-cost ways for teachers, parents, and students to access content digitally, offline, through radio, through television, or in print

- Co-create mechanisms to share openly licensed, printable and editable content for the core curriculum including teacher guides, structured lesson plans, textbooks, workbooks, teacher professional development materials, and other multimodal resources in accessible, user-friendly formats and local languages, and targeted by learner level, for use inside and outside of the classroom

Get every child a book.
Thank you!

bjoern@edtechhub.org

https://edtechhub.org
https://docs.edtechhub.org
Further reading


For more evidence, see: https://docs.edtechhub.org.
Please cite this document as follows

Acknowledgements

This presentation uses some slides from: